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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/693,238	10/23/2003	Huamin Chen	YOR920030422US1	1434
Ryan, Mason &	7590 01/22/200 Lewis, LLP	EXAMINER		
90 Forest Avenue			SALL, EL HADJI MALICK	
Locust Valley, l	NY 11560		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2457	
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## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/693,238	CHEN ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	EL HADJI M. SALL	2457					
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence ad	ldress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RIWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatio  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by s Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IG DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- on. period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AB	CATION.  eply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this of the capacity of the capaci	,				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	30 June 2008						
	This action is non-final.						
		ers prosecution as to the	e merits is				
,—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	,	•					
· _	ation						
	Claim(s) <u>1-37</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	idiawii iioiii consideration.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-37</u> is/are rejected.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
7) Claim(s) is/are rejected.							
8) Claim(s) are subjected to:	nd/or election requirement						
	na/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by th	e Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PT	ΓO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International Bu * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ments have been received. ments have been received in A priority documents have been ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National	Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	8) Paper No(s 5) Notice of Ir	summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>12/15/03; 07/21/08</u> . 6) U Other:							

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2.

## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is responsive to the Appeal Brief filed on June 30, 2008. After a review of the arguments in the Appeal Brief conference, Examiner acknowledge that prior art on record alone did not teach explicitly Applicant's invention, therefore, Examiner has decided to reopen prosecution. Claims 1-37 are pending. Claims 1-37 represent method and systems for dynamically reconfigurable load balancing.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains.

Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claim 1-35 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shenoi U.S. 20040208120 in view of Bakshi et al. U.S. 6,804,7171.

Shenoi teaches the invention substantially as claimed including multiple transmission bandwidth streams with differentiated quality of service (see abstract).

As to claims 1, 17, 29-31 and 37, Shenoi teaches a method, an apparatus, an article of manufacture and a system for serving data to a plurality of clients in a client-server environment, comprising the steps of:

providing a plurality of versions of data in which at least two versions have different overheads associated therewith (paragraph [0008], Shenoi discloses Certain types of traffic (i.e. "plurality of version of data"), such as computer-to-computer communication involving file transfers (i.e. "one version of data"), can be assigned to low-QoS channels with insignificant impact in performance. Other types of traffic, typically time-sensitive traffic such a voice communication (i.e. "another version of data"), require the channel to have a high QoS. );

assigning individual clients to one of a plurality of quality-of-service classes (paragraph [0089], Shenoi discloses assigning quality of service classes to different PVCs (i.e. "assigning QoS classes to clients").

Shenoi fails to teach explicitly a client belonging to a high quality-of-service class is given preferential access to data versions which require higher overheads to serve.

However, Bakshi teaches a client belonging to a high quality-of-service class is given preferential access to data versions which require higher overheads to serve (column 1, lines 21-25).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Shenoi in view of Bakshi to provide satisfying requests so that a client belonging to a high quality-of-service class is given preferential access to data versions which require higher overheads to serve in order to ensure QoS by relying on policy-based mechanisms that allow differentiation among different traffic streams based on reserved bandwidth for each of the service classes (column 4, lines 9-11).

As to claims 2 and 18, Shenoi teaches the method and the apparatus of claims 1 and 17, wherein the overhead to serve a version is correlated with a quality of the version (paragraph [0044]).

As to claims 3 and 19, Shenoi teaches the method and the apparatus of claims 2 and 18, wherein the multiple versions comprise images of different resolutions (paragraph [0118]).

Shenoi fails to teach explicitly clients belonging to a high quality-of-service class are given preferential access.

However, Bakshi teaches a client belonging to a high quality-of-service class is given preferential access (column 1, lines 21-25).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Shenoi in view of Bakshi to provide clients belonging to a high quality-of-service class are given preferential access to higher resolution images

in order to ensure QoS by relying on policy-based mechanisms that allow differentiation among different traffic streams based on reserved bandwidth for each of the service classes (column 4, lines 9-11).

As to claims 4 and 20, Shenoi teaches the method of claims 2 and 18, wherein the quality of a version is correlated with a processing time required to create the version (paragraph [0022]).

As to claims 5 and 21, Shenoi teaches the method of claims 1 and 17, wherein the overhead to serve a version is correlated with how current the version is (paragraph [0106]).

As to

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claims 6 and 22, Shenoi teaches the method and the apparatus of claims 1 and 17, further comprising the step of: in response to a system load exceeding a threshold, satisfying a higher percentage of requests from clients belonging to a lower quality-of-service class with a version requiring lower overhead to serve (paragraph [0093]).

As to claims 7 and 23, Shenoi teaches the method and the apparatus of claims 1 and 17, wherein the server comprises multiple nodes and different nodes provide data versions requiring different overheads to serve (paragraph [0073]).

As to claims 8, 9, 10, 11, 24, 25, 26 and 27, Shenoi teaches the method and the

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apparatus of claims 1, 8, 17 and 24, further comprising the step of implementing a quality-of-service policy that specifies at least one of content quality and latency (abstract), wherein one or more clients belonging to a premium service class are served with high content quality and low latency, wherein one or more clients belonging to a medium service class are served with one of high content quality and low latency, and wherein one or more clients belonging to a best-effort service class are served with unspecified content quality and latency (paragraphs [89-92]).

As to claims 12 and 28, Shenoi teaches the method of claims 1 and 17, wherein a client request is routed using at least one of an identity of the client, a quality of content, a load on at least one server, a data distribution on at least one server, and a capacity of at least one server (paragraph [0028]).

As to claims 13 and 14, Shenoi teaches the method of claims 1 and 13, wherein a client is assigned to a quality-of-service class by program logic that is externalized from the server, wherein the externalized program logic comprises a set of business rules that can be modified by nonexperts in information technology (paragraph [0035]).

As to claims 15 and 16, Shenoi teaches the method of claims 1 and 15, further comprising the step of satisfying requests using a policy determined by program logic that is externalized from the server, wherein the externalized program logic comprises a set of business rules that can be modified by nonexperts in information technology

(paragraphs [0035] and [0089]).

As to claim 32, Shenoi teaches the method of claim 31, wherein the data serving service comprises a quality-of-service policy specification (abstract).

As to claim 33, Shenoi teaches the method of claim 32, wherein the quality-of-service policy specification comprises: a plurality of subscriptions, each subscription being specified by content quality and service latency, wherein a limited premium service subscription is served with high content quality in low service latency, a medium service subscription is served with a high content quality or a low service latency, and an unlimited best-effort service subscription is served with unspecified content quality and latency (abstract; paragraph [0007]).

As to claims 34 and 35, Shenoi teaches the of claims 31 and 34, wherein the service provider modifies data content and how the data content is served to clients in response to one or more changing conditions (paragraph [0030]).

**4.** Claim 36 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shenoi et al. U.S. 20040208120 in view of Huff U.S. 20040003080.

Shenoi teaches the invention substantially as claimed including multiple transmission bandwidth streams with differentiated quality of service (see abstract).

As to claim 36, Shenoi teaches the method of claim 31.

Shenoi fails to teach explicitly the step of assigning individual clients to one of a plurality of quality-of-service classes is based on a client payment.

However, Huff teaches method and system for managing quality of service in a network. Huff teaches the step of assigning individual clients to one of a plurality of quality-of-service classes is based on a client payment (paragraph [0012]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine Shenoi in view of Huff to provide the step of assigning individual clients to one of a plurality of quality-of-service classes is based on a client payment. One would be motivated to do so to allow identifying relative priorities of the clients (abstract).

## 5. Conclusion

Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings of the art and are applied to specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant in preparing responses, to fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the Examiner.

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In the case of amending the claimed invention, Applicant is respectfully requested to indicate the portion(s) of the specification which dictate(s) the structure relied on for proper interpretation and also to verify and ascertain the metes and bounds of the claimed invention

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to El Hadji M Sall whose telephone number is 571-272-4010. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00-4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ario Etienne can be reached on 571-272-4001. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/El Hadji M Sall/

Examiner, Art Unit 2457

/ARIO ETIENNE/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2457